



What about Fluids?

We need plenty of fluid to keep our bodies and brains working well. Water and low-fat milk are the best drinks to have.

- Water is best to drink throughout the day.
- Milk is best drunk after, or between, meals so that it does not replace food at mealtimes. Low fat milk is the best choice.
- Flavoured milk is high in sugar, so should be drunk only occasionally, and in small amounts.
- Sugary, fizzy drinks contribute to weight gain, and to tooth decay. They are not good to drink often.
- Diet drinks do not contain sugar but, because they are acidic, they can still damage teeth.
- Fruit juice has high levels of sugar, but without the fibre of the fresh fruit. Eating fresh fruit is a better way to get the vitamins and minerals that fruit provides.
- Energy drinks contain very high levels of sugar, along with caffeine. They are too high in caffeine and carbohydrate to quench thirst effectively, and are not recommended.
- Sports drinks are not necessary. Plain water is the best liquid to drink.
- Coffee and tea are not good drinks for young people, as they contain caffeine.

Meal Patterns and Me

Eating a range of foods at regular times of the day will ensure that our bodies can perform at their best. Three meals and two or three small snacks will keep us full of energy and ready to learn.

Breakfast:

- Breakfast will help us arrive at school ready to concentrate and learn. If we don't have time at home, we can eat some food on the way - for example, a banana, or a peanut butter sandwich.

Lunch:

- Lunch will give us energy to keep going during a busy afternoon. If we don't bring food from home, we can remember how to choose healthy and nutritious foods from the school canteen. The best options will include vegetables or salads, and not fried foods or sugary drinks.

Dinner:

- Eating meals together with family/whanau is a great way for us to connect and find out how everyone is doing!

Snacks:

- If having a snack between meals, we can try to eat healthy foods. Great ideas are: fruit, yoghurt, vegetable sticks with hummus, mini homemade pizza, nuts, or milk.

Occasional Foods:

- Foods and drinks that are high in fat, salt, and sugar are best eaten only occasionally. These include chippies, corn chips, lollies, fizzy drinks, hot chips, chocolate, pies, and takeaways such as burgers. These foods are high in calories, but contain few nutrients or vitamins.
- Healthier choices for takeaways are kebabs, wraps, pizza with more vegetables than cheese, sushi, non-fried rice or noodle dishes, or baked potatoes with meat, beans, or salad.

References

'Eating for Healthy Children aged 2 to 12' (1 June 2012). Ministry of Health, Health Promotion Agency, Wellington. Retrieved from <https://www.healthed.govt.nz/resource/eating-healthy-children-aged-2-12ng%C4%81-kai-t%C5%8Dtika-m%C5%8D-te-hunga-k%C5%8Dhungahunga> August 25, 2014

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Ministry of Health, (2012), 'New Zealand Food and Nutrition Guidelines for Healthy Children and Young People (Aged 2-18 years): A background paper.' Wellington, NZ, Ministry of Health.

Reviewed by Leanne Young, MPH, NZ Registered Dietitian, 14 January 2015

