Postal Test Paper_P5_Intermediate_Syllabus 2016_Set 1
Paper F - Financial Accounting
Paper 5 – Financial Accounting

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Full Marks: 100 Time allowed: 3 hours

[This paper contains 9 questions. All questions are compulsory, subject to instruction provided against each question. All workings must form part of your answer.]

Section - A

1. Answer the following questions

 $[5 \times 1 = 5]$

- (a) Multiple choice questions:
 - (1) The cost of a Fixed Assets of a business has to be written off over its
 - (a) Natural Life
 - (b) Accounting Life
 - (c) Physical Life
 - (d) Estimated Economic Life
 - (II) Excess of minimum rent over actual royalty is known as
 - (a) Maximum Rent
 - (b) Excess workings
 - (c) Short workings
 - (d) Deficiency of actual royalty
 - (III) Income & Expenditure a/c shows subscriptions ₹10,000; Subscriptions accrued in the beginning of the year and at the end of the year were ₹1,000 and ₹1,500 respectively. The figure of subscription received appear in receipts and payments account will be:
 - (a) ₹9,500
 - (b) ₹10,000
 - (c) ₹10,500
 - (d) ₹12,000
 - (IV) In the hire purchase system interest is charged by vendor is calculated on the basis of
 - (a) Outstanding cash price
 - (b) Hire purchase price
 - (c) Installment amount
 - (d) None of the above
 - (V) Contingent Liability would appear
 - (a) On the liability side
 - (b) On the asset side
 - (c) As a note in Balance Sheet
 - (d) None of the above

(b) Match the following:

 $[5 \times 1 = 5]$

	Column 'A'		Column 'B'
1.	Profit	Α	Insurance claims
2.	Maximum loss method	В	Property, Plant and Equipment
3.	AS-10	С	Hire purchase system
4.	Average clause	D	Piece meal distribution
5.	Repossess the goods	Е	Excess of income over expenditure

(c) State whether the following statements are true or false

 $[5 \times 1 = 5]$

- (i) Joint Venture is temporary partnership.
- (ii) When the goods are returned by branch goods sent to branch account will be credited in the books of head office.
- (iii) Transactions are recorded on accrued basis in the income and expenditure account.
- (iv) Depreciation is a charge against profit.
- (v) As per the going concern concept, the enterprise should continue to exist in the foreseeable future.

(d) Answer the following:

 $[5 \times 2 = 10]$

- (i) Mr. D of Delhi sent out 1,000 boxes to Mr. K of Kolkata costing ₹20 each. Consignor's expenses ₹2,000. 4/5th of the boxes were sold at ₹25 each. Compute the profit on consignment.
- (ii) Golden Ltd furnished the following particulars:
 Debtors ledger include ₹ 7,500 due from Das & Co. whereas creditors ledger include ₹ 4,500 due to Das & Co. Show the journal entry.
- (iii) ₹30,000 is the annual installment to be paid for three years (given present value of an annuity of ₹1 p.a. @ 5% interest is 2.7232. Ascertain the cash price increase of hire purchase.
- (iv) AB Ltd has signed at 31st December, the balance Sheet, a contract where the Total Revenue is estimated at ₹30 Crores and Total Cost is estimated at ₹40 Crores. No work began on the contract. Is the Contractor required to give any accounting effect for the year ended 31st December?
- (v) P and Q were partners sharing profits/losses as 4:3. R is admitted as a new partner for 1/5 th share. P and Q decide to share the balance of profits equally. Calculate the new profit sharing ratio.

Section - B Answer any five from the following. Each question carries 15 marks [5 × 15 = 75]

- 2. (a) The accumulated balance of Life Membership fees at the beginning of the year 2012 was `6,40,000. This represents the balance of life membership fees paid by 20 members since the club started about 6 years ago. In the current year, 10 new life memberships were received totaling `4,00,000. It's the policy of the club to spread these fees over 20 years to income. The amount payable per person is always `40,000. What is the amount to be recognised as income for the current year and what amount will be deferred through the balance sheet? [7]
 - **(b)** A firm of contractors obtained a contract for completion of bridges across river Revathi. The following details are available in the records kept the year ended 31st March, 2014:

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs
Total Contract Price	1,000
Works Certified	500
Works not Certified	105
Estimated further cost	495
Progress payment received	400
Progress payment to be received	140

Prepare Contract Account as per AS-7 "Accounting for Construction Contract".

3. Messrs, Dalal, Banerjee and Malick is a firm sharing profits and losses in a ratio of 2:2:1. Their balance sheet as on 31st March, 2013 is as given below:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Sundry Creditors	12,850	Land and buildings	25,000
Outstanding Liabilities	1,500	Furniture	6,500
General reserve	6,500	Stock of goods	11,750
Capital Accounts : Dalal	12,000	Sundry Debtors	5,500
Banerjee	12,000	Cash on hand	140
Malick	5,000	Cash at bank	960
	49,850		49,850

The partners have agreed to take Mr. Mistri as a partner with offset from 1st April, 2003 on the following terms:

- (i) Mr. Mistri shall bring ₹ 5,000 towards his capital.
- (ii) The value of the stock should be increased by ₹ 2,500
- (iii) Bad debts amounting to ₹ 550 should be written off.
- (iv) The furniture should be depreciated by 10%.
- (v) The value of land and buildings should be enhanced by 20%
- (vi) The value of goodwill be fixed at ₹ 15,000
- (vii) The new profit sharing ratio shall be 5:5:3:2

The goodwill account shall be written back after Mr. Mistri's admission.

Outstanding liabilities include ₹ 1,000 due to Mr. Sen which has been paid by Mr. Dalal. Necessary entries were not made in the books.

Prepare (i) Revaluation account, (ii) The capital accounts of the partners, (iii) The balance sheet of the firm as newly constituted. [15]

4. (a) Prepare the Creditors Ledger Adjustment Account as it would appear in General Ledger and General Ledger Adjustment Account as it would appear in Creditors Ledger for the year ended 31st March, 2014 from the following particulars.

Particulars	Amount (₹)
Sundry Creditors (on 1-4-2013) (Cr.)	10,000
(Dr.)	1,000
Purchases (including Cash purchase of ₹ 10,000)	50,000
Returns outward	2,000
Cash paid to Creditors	20,000
Discount allowed by Creditors	3,000
Trade Discount	1,000
Bills Receivable endorsed to Creditors	2,000
Bills Payable issues during the year	4,000
Bills Payable dishonoured	2,000
Bills Payable renewed	1,000
Interest on Bills Payable renewed	100
Sundry Charges paid for dishonor of Bills Payable	100
Total of set-off in Debtors Ledger	3,000
Sundry Creditors (on 31-3-2014) (Dr.)	4,000

[9]

[6]

(b) Discuss the disadvantages of Customised Accounting Package.

5. (a) From the following Receipts and Payments of Nethajee Sports Club, prepare income and expenditure a/c for the year ended on 31-3-2014.

Receipts	Amount (₹)	Payments	Amount (₹)
To Balance b/d (01-04-2013)	23,000	By Salaries	16,000
To Subscriptions	13,000	By Rent	3,000
To Interest	1,000	By Stationery	1,000

To Sale of Old Furniture (Book Value ₹ 2,000)	1,600	By Sports Material Purchased	12,000
To Entrance Fees	8,000	By Balance c/d (31-3-2014)	12,000
	46,600		46,600

Additional Information:

- (a) Subscriptions include ₹1,000 received for the last year.
- (b) Rent includes ₹600 paid for the last year.

From the above particulars Prepare Income and Expenditure A/c for the year ending 31-3-2014.

(b) From the following information, compute the amount of claim under loss of Stock Policy:

Tolley.		
Particulars	Amount (₹)	
Sum insured	6,000	
Accounting Year	Calendar Year	
Reason for damage on 30-6-2015	Due to fire accident	
Value of Salvaged Stock	5,000	
G.P. Ratio	Uniform from year to year	
Stock as on 1-1-2014	90,000	
Stock as on 31-12-2014	70,000	
Purchases during 2014	4,00,000	
Sales during 2014	6,00,000	
Purchases from 1-1-2015 to 30-6-2015	6,00,000	
Sales from 1-1-2015 to 30-6-2015	8,80,000	

You are informed that in 2015, the cost of purchases and selling prices have increased by 20% and 10% respectively above the levels prevailing in 2014. [9]

- **6. (a)** On 1st April, 2009 Mahi Limited obtained a mine on lease from Kachari Limited. The terms were as follows:
 - Royalty at ₹25 per tonne raised.
 - Minimum Rent ₹1,50,000 per annum.
 - Short workings can be recouped in the next two years only but subject to a maximum of ₹ 37,500 per year. In the event of strike, the minimum rent would be taken prorata on the basis of actual working days but in the event of lockout, the lease would enjoy concession in respect of minimum rent for 50% of the period of lockout. In addition to the above, Mahi Ltd. has been granted a right to receive cash subsidy equal to 50% of the Unrecoupable shortworkings by the State Government up to the first 5 years of the lease.

The production during the first six years was as follows: -

Year	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15
Production (Tonnes)	2000	3000	8000	9000	4000	6000
					(Period of strike for 73 days)	(Lockout for two months)

Show the ne cessary Ledger Accounts in the books of Mahi Limited

[12]

(b) What is meant by "Depletion"?

[3]

7. (a) M and N decided to work a joint venture for the sale of electric motors. On 1st May 2014, M purchased 200 electric motors at ₹ 175 each and dispatched 150 motors to N incurring ₹ 1,000 as freight and insurance charges. 10 electric motors were damaged in transit. On 1st February 2015, ₹ 500 were received by M from the insurance

company, in full settlement of his claim. On 15th March 2015, M sold 50 electric motors at ₹ 225 each. He received ₹ 15,000 from N on 1st April 2015.

On 15th May 2014, N took delivery of the electric motors and incurred the following expenses:

Clearing Charges ₹ 170; Repair charges to electric motors damaged in-transit ₹ 300; Godown Rent for 3 months ₹ 600.

He sold the electric motors as:

1.2.2015 10 damaged motors ₹ 170 each

40 motors at ₹ 200 each

15.3.2015 20 motors at ₹ 315 each

1.4.2015 80 motors at ₹ 250 each

It is agreed that they are entitled to a commission of 10% on the respective sales effective by them; that the profits and losses shall be shared between M and N in the ratio of 2:1. N remits M the balance of amount due on 30th April 2015. You are required to show the Memorandum Joint Venture Account only. You are required to show the Memorandum Joint Venture Account only. [8]

(b) Khan draws a bill for ₹ 1,20,000 and Sumit accepts the same for mutual accommodation of both of them to the extent of Khan 2/3rd and Sumit 1/3rd. Khan discounts it with bank for ₹ 1,12,800 and remits 1/3rd share to Sumit. Before the due date, Sumit draws another bill for ₹ 1,68,000 on Khan in order to provide funds to meet the first bill on same sharing basis. The second bill is discounted at ₹ 1,63,200. With these proceeds, the first bill is settled and ₹ 28,800 were remitted to Khan. Before the due date of the second bill, Khan becomes insolvent and Sumit receives a dividend of only 50 paise in a rupee in full settlement.

Pass journal entries in the books of Khan.

[7]

8. (a) Bombay Traders Ltd. sends to its Madras Branch at cost plus 25%. From the following particulars you are required to show the necessary ledger accounts in the Head Office books and find out profit of branch (Stock and Debtors System):

Particulars	`
Opening stock at Branch at cost to Branch	20,000
Goods sent to Branch at invoice price	80,000
Loss-in-transit at invoice price	10,000
Pilferage at invoice price	4,000
Normal loss through wastage at invoice price	2,000
Sales	1,22,000
Expenses	32,000
Closing stock at Branch at cost to Branch	24,000
Received from Insurance company against loss-in-transit	6,000

[12]

(b) Write a note on "Short Sales".

[3]

9. Write short notes on any three of the following:

 $[3 \times 5 = 15]$

- (a) Garner V Murray Rule
- **(b)** Accounting Concepts
- (c) Differences between Hire Purchase System and Installment System.
- (d) Contra Transaction in relation to Self balancing system